## **Corrections - Volume II**

• Page 14. The fourth line from the top should read:

$$[0,1] = \bigcap_{n=1}^{\infty} \left( -\frac{1}{n}, 1 + \frac{1}{n} \right).$$

• Page 19. The sixth line from the top should read:

$$d((a_k)_{k\in\mathbb{N}}, (b_k)_{k\in\mathbb{N}}) := \sum_{k=1}^{\infty} 2^{-k} |a_k - b_k|$$

- Page 37. The sixth line from the top should read: ... such that  $d_2(f_N(x), f(x)) < \frac{\epsilon}{3}$  for all  $x \in X$  if  $n \ge N$ .
- Page 45. The third line from the bottom should read:

$$K \subset U_{j_1} \cup \ldots \cup U_{j_{N-1}} \cup U_{j_0}$$

- Page 45. The second line from the bottom should read: ... Thus  $(U_{j_l})_{l=0,\ldots,N-1}$  is a finite subcovering ...
- Page 46. The last line should read:

$$K \subset \bigcup_{j=1}^{m} B_1(x_j) \subset B_r(x_1)$$

- Page 77. The fifth line from the bottom should read: ... the partial derivative of f ...
- Page 78. The phrase "partial derivative" in the last but one sentence of **Definition 5.4.** should be in **bold** font.
- Page 81. The sixth line from the bottom should read:

$$\frac{\partial^2 g}{\partial y \partial x}(0,0) = \lim_{h \to 0} \frac{1}{h} \left( \frac{\partial g}{\partial x}(0,h) - \frac{\partial g}{\partial x}(0,0) \right)$$

• Page 86. The tenth line from the top should read: As before we find  $\tilde{\xi}$  and  $\tilde{\eta}$  such that  $|\tilde{\xi}| \leq |x|, |\tilde{\eta}| \leq |y|$  and

$$G_x(y) - G_x(0) = G'_x(\tilde{\eta})y$$

- Page 96. The second line in the proof of theorem 6.3. should read: represented by a matrix  $A \in M(m, n, \mathbb{R})$  and a ...
- Page 97. The fifth line from the top should read:

$$\frac{\partial f_j}{\partial x_l}(x) = \lim_{h \to 0} \frac{f_j(x + he_l) - f_j(x)}{h} = a_{jl}(x) + \lim_{h \to 0} \frac{\varphi_{X,j}(he_j)}{h} = a_{jl}(x),$$

• Page 98. The terms  $a_{lj}$  from lines 11 from the bottom to 8 from the bottom should be replaced by  $a_{jl}$ , i.e. We now set  $a_{jl} := \frac{\partial f_j(x)}{\partial x_l} = D_l f_j(x)$  and

$$\varphi_j(\xi) = \sum_{l=1}^n (D_l f_j(y^{(l)}) - a_{jl})\xi_l, \ 1 \le j \le m.$$

Since  $x \mapsto \frac{\partial f_j(x)}{\partial x_l}$  is continuous at x it follows that

$$\lim_{\xi \to 0} ((D_l f_j)(y^{(l)}) - a_{jl}) = 0, \ 1 \le j \le m,$$

- Page 98. The second line from the bottom should read:  $J_S(r, \vartheta, \varphi) = \dots$
- Page 98. The last line should read:

$$= \begin{pmatrix} \sin\vartheta\cos\varphi & r\cos\vartheta\cos\varphi & -r\sin\vartheta\sin\varphi\\ \sin\vartheta\sin\varphi & r\cos\vartheta\sin\varphi & r\sin\vartheta\cos\varphi\\ \cos\vartheta & -r\sin\vartheta & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

• Page 99. The second line from the top should read:

$$\det J_S(r,\vartheta,\varphi) = \det \begin{pmatrix} \sin\vartheta\cos\varphi & r\cos\vartheta\cos\varphi & -r\sin\vartheta\sin\varphi\\ \sin\vartheta\sin\varphi & r\cos\vartheta\sin\varphi & r\sin\vartheta\cos\varphi\\ \cos\vartheta & -r\sin\vartheta & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

- Page 99. The third line from the bottom should read: ... are differentiable at x (or in G) then ...
- Page 101. The fourth line from the top should read: ... Since  $\lim_{\eta\to 0} \frac{\psi(\eta)}{\|\eta\|} = 0$  it follows that
- Page 104. Theorem 6.17 should read: Let  $G \subset \mathbb{R}^n$  be an ...
- Page 175. Equation (9.37) should read:

$$\max_{x \in \bar{G}} u(x) = \max_{x \in \partial G} u(x).$$

- Page 590. The third line in the solution to Problem 3. should read:
  i.e. (a<sub>k</sub>)<sub>k∈ℕ</sub> = (b<sub>k</sub>)<sub>k∈ℕ</sub>...
- Page 591. The second line from the bottom should read: for all  $q \ge 1$ . Indeed (\*) imples
- Page 617. The second line of the solution to Problem 5. should read:

$$\frac{\partial}{\partial x} \left( \frac{x^2(y-2)^2}{x^6 + (y-2)^6} \right) = \frac{\frac{\partial}{\partial x} (x^2(y-2)^2) (x^6 + (y-2)^6) - x^2(y-2)^2 \frac{\partial}{\partial x} (x^6 + (y-2)^6)}{(x^6 + (y-2)^6)^2}$$

• Page 617. The fifth line from the bottom should read:

$$\frac{\partial}{\partial y} \left( \frac{x^2 (y-2)^2}{x^6 + (y-2)^6} \right) = \frac{\frac{\partial}{\partial y} (x^2 (y-2)^2) (x^6 + (y-2)^6) - x^2 (y-2)^2 \frac{\partial}{\partial y} (x^6 + (y-2)^6)}{(x^6 + (y-2)^6)^2}$$